Towards antiracist schools Mona Eid, project manager, Master of Arts (Education)





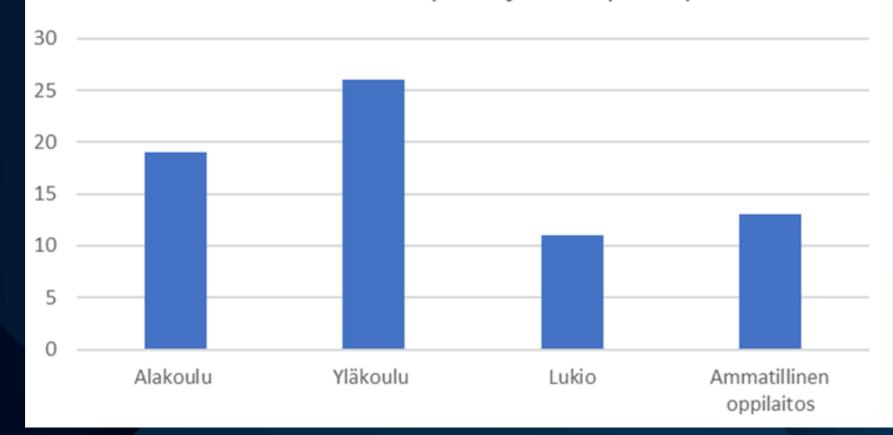
Who is an ideal student?

- Who's in the center?
 - social class, gender, skin color, ability, view of life/religion, sexual orientation
- How do we separate people into us and them?
- How are norms created?

Students who have experienced discriminatory bullying at school or in free time

Syrjivää kiusaamista kokeneet koulussa tai vapaa-ajalla % (2017)

% (2017)



Elementary school Junior high school High school Trade school School Health Promotion study 2017 thl.fi/antiracismcourse

Students most at risk of experiencing discriminatory bullying

- students with disabilities
- students in foster care
- students with foreign background
- students from low-income families

Students who have experienced discriminatory bullying at school or in free time (based on origin) %

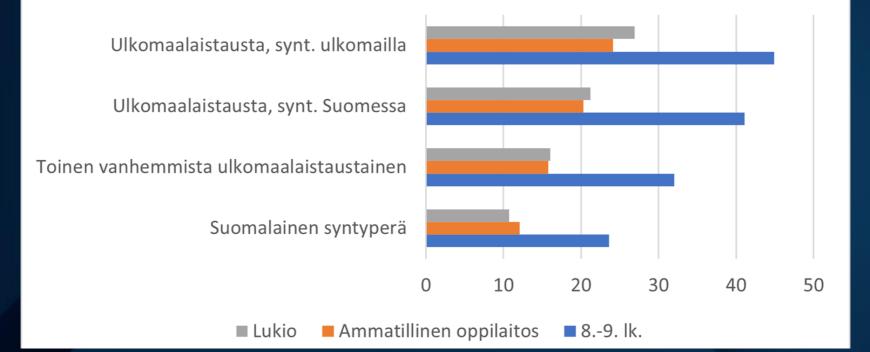
Foreign background, born abroad

Foreign background, born in Finland

One parent has foreign background

Finnish background

Kokenut syrjivää kiusaamista koulussa tai vapaa-ajalla (tausta) %



School Health Promotion study 2017

We can see society's attitudes in schools

Of the participants in the study, 63% of people of African origin have experienced racist harassment (the average in the EU countries being 30%). People who have experienced discrimination at least once a year:

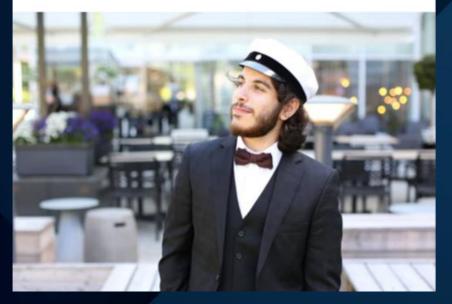
- 43% of people who have moved to Finland from North Africa and the Middle East.
- 55% of people who have moved to Finland from other areas in Africa.

Being Black in the EUFinMonik survey 2018-2019(2018)thl.fi/antiracismcourse

Ministeriö selvittää suomi toisena kielenä opetusta, ongelmat heijastuvat urapolkuihin: "En odottanut, että järjestelmä syrjii hakijoita"

Tutkijan mukaan nykymallin ongelmana on, että oppilaita voidaan erotella suomen opintoihin jopa ulkonäön tai nimen perusteella.

Suomi toisena ja vieraana kielenä 10.7.2020 klo 19.30 | päivitetty 15.7.2020 klo 13.26



Maahanmuuttajataustaiset nuoret kamppailevat kieliopintojen kanssa – "Mun pitää itse uskoa, että mä pystyn samaan kuin muut suomalaiset nuoret"

Maahanmuuttajataustaisia nuoria ohjataan usein turhaan suomi toisena kielenä -opetukseen.

Yle Uutisluokka 25.4.2019 klo 11:00 | päivitetty 25.4.2019 klo 20:30



Racializing guidance

Racializing guidance

- Ministry investigating Finnish as a Second Language classes; problems affect students' career paths: "I couldn't imagine the system would discriminate against applicants."
- Young people with immigrant background struggle with language studies—"I have to believe I can do the same as my Finnish peers."

Imperialismin aikakausi.....

 Pelastakaa tutkimusmatkailija Livingstone!.....

 10. Kuka löytää Afrikan tähden?

 11. Japani seuraa länsivaltoja

<u>IV jakso</u>

Koulukirjoissa elää savimajojen Afrikka

Intiaanien maasta
Tyttö, joka ei halunniSuomalaiset oppikirjat pitävät yllä vanhentuneita
käsityksiä Afrikasta. Niiden vaikutus näkyy siinä, mitä
nuoret ajattelevat etäisestä maanosasta.12. Intiaanien maa

13. Villi länsi ja orjaplantaasit.....

Learning materials

Learning materials

According to schoolbooks, there are only clay huts in Africa

Finnish schoolbooks promote outdated images of Africa. They affect the way young people view the distant continent.

Norms / normativity

Norms are rules of a community.

They can also limit individuals' lives.

Whiteness as a norm: Westernness and Europeanness are seen as the norm and given a higher status.

If individuals depart from the norms, they might be punished, for example, by exclusion.

UNICEF survey among young people in 2021

"Adults don't understand the diversity and different backgrounds of children and young people."

Forty percent of the students who answered the survey felt they couldn't be themselves at school.

Minority stress affects learning

The threat of stereotypes, shame and feeling worthless

Decreased feeling of belonging and being part of a group

Physical and psychological load and symptoms

Underachieving or overachieving as a coping mechanism.

Bold and safe spaces for learning 1/2

- Everyone is included and can feel a sense of belonging
- Everyone is treated with respect: cultural differences aren't evaluated
- There is multiprofessional cooperation

Bold and safe spaces for learning 2/2

- Clear procedures: when staff members witness harassment and discrimination, they intervene
- A sufficient number of adults and appropriate group sizes
- Parents with immigrant background must also be able to participate

Multiculturalism / antiracism

Well-intentioned multicultural education can other people.

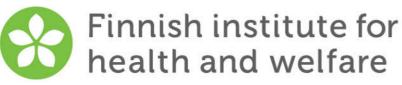
Antiracism takes into consideration the effect of differences: power relations and inequality.

Towards antiracism

- INDIVIDUALS: We are aware of our prejudices and expectations and they way they prevent us from encountering others respectfully.
- SCHOOL: We'll chart and promote inequality in everything our school does.
- SOCIETY: We'll identify different positions of power and our "silent" members who are not heard.

Thank you!

thl.fi/antiracismcourse In cooperation with:









Ministry of Economic Affairs and Employment of Finland



